**High Flux reactor PIK**

**Basic features**

****The high flux research reactor PIK is a continuous flow type reactor and is intended for research in the field of condensed matter physics, nuclear physics and the physics of weak interactions, structural and radiation biology and biophysics, radiation physics and chemistry, as well as solutions for many applications and engineering problems. By its parameters PIK reactor will be one of the best research reactors in the world.

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| The maximum heat output | 100 MW |
| Thermal neutron flux density (maximum) | 5·1015 cm2·s1 |
| Thermal neutron flux density in the reflector | 1,3·1015 cm2·s1 |
| The volumetric energy release in the core           average           maximum | 2,0 MW/l  6,6 MW/l |
| Heat transfer agent | water |
| Reflector | heavy water |
| Number of horizontal experimental channels | 10 |
| Number inclined experimental channels | 6 |
| Number of vertical experimental channels | 6 |
| Number of cold neutron sources | 3 |
| Hot neutron source | 1 |
| Number of experimental stations | 50 |

PIK reactor differs from the majority of similar projects by increased neutron fluxes in the reflector, the presence of a neutron trap with a very high flux and the possibility of irradiation of materials in the core. The maximum density of the unperturbed thermal neutron flux is close to 5·1015 cm2·s1 and corresponds to the record values ​​obtained in a continuous flow reactors.